

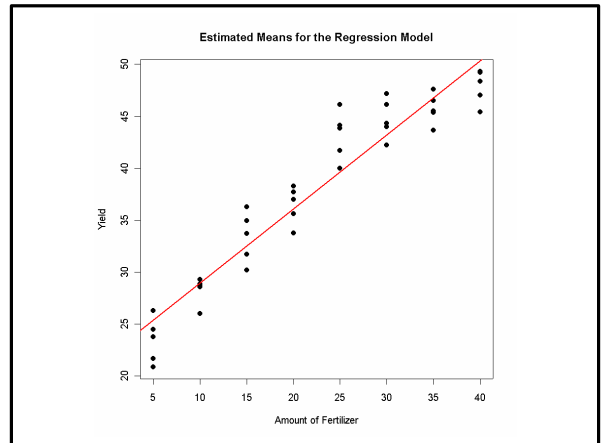
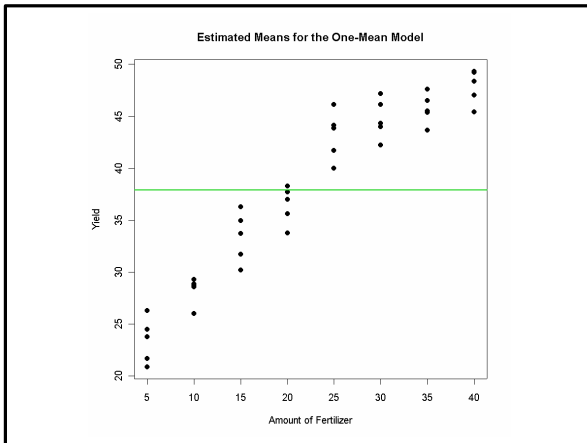
H_0 : The mean of Y is the same for all X.

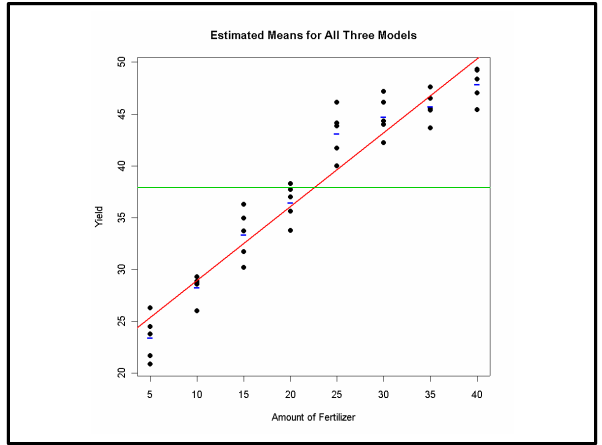
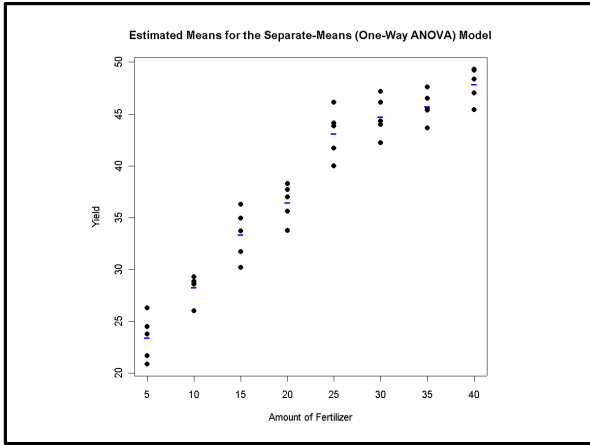
H_1 : The mean of Y is related to X through a straight-line equation with non-zero slope.

H_2 : The mean of Y is different for each value of X.

Null	Alternative	Test
H_0	H_1	Regression test of slope equal to 0
H_0	H_2	One-way ANOVA test of all means equal
H_1	H_2	Lack-of-fit test for simple linear regression (Null says linear regression OK. Alternative says not OK.)

Null	Alternative	Test Statistic	D.F.
H_0	H_1	$\frac{[RSS_0 - RSS_1]/[(n-1)-(n-2)]}{RSS_1/(n-2)}$	1, n-2
H_0	H_2	$\frac{[RSS_0 - RSS_2]/[(n-1)-(n-1)]}{RSS_2/(n-1)}$	I-1, n-1
H_1	H_2	$\frac{[RSS_1 - RSS_2]/[(n-2)-(n-1)]}{RSS_2/(n-1)}$	I-2, n-1

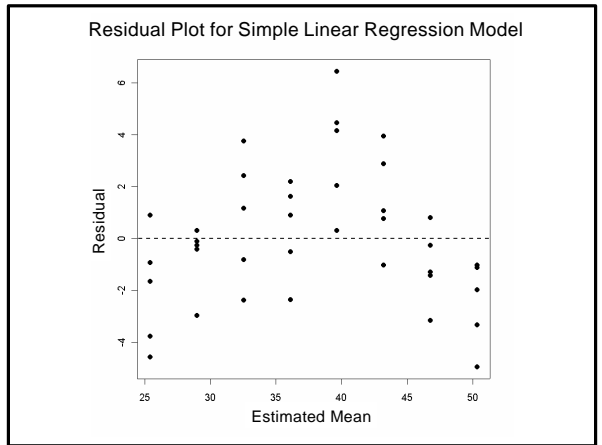




Null Alt.	Test Statistic	D.F.	p-value
H_0 H_1	$\frac{2917-256}{256/(40-2)}$	1, 40-2	<0.001
H_0 H_2	$\frac{2917-121}{121/(40-8)}$	8-1, 40-8	<0.001
H_1 H_2	$\frac{256-121}{121/(40-8)}$	8-2, 40-8	<0.001

We have convincing evidence that:

1. If we assume that the mean of Y follows a straight-line relationship with X, the slope of the simple linear regression line is not zero.
2. The mean of Y is not the same for all values of X.
3. The mean of Y does NOT seem to be related to X through a straight-line equation.



Residual Plot for the One-Way ANOVA Model

